Municipal Bankruptcy

Background

Under federal law, before a municipality can seek relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, it must be "specifically authorized" under state law to file bankruptcy – 24 states currently provide this authorization. Illinois lacks that authorization, providing no ability to help turn around struggling communities.

Original Proposal

This legislation explicitly authorizes municipal bankruptcy. There are no requirements, pre-conditions or other limitations to a municipality's access to Chapter 9 in the proposed legislation. The decision whether to file is left entirely up to a municipality.

o Compromise Proposal: The bill introduces an additional process before a municipality may petition for bankruptcy relief. Before proceeding in bankruptcy court, the municipality must first initiate a neutral evaluation process. During that process, the municipality, together with its creditors, selects a specially-trained, neutral third party, who then assists in exploring all alternatives to bankruptcy. In confidential discussions with the neutral evaluator, the municipality and its creditors are encouraged to come to a mutually agreeable resolution. Only if that process is not successful can the municipality petition a federal bankruptcy judge for Chapter 9 relief.